Severn Pathology

Appropriate and Inappropriate samples for Chlamydia/Gonorrhoea NAAT testing at the Bristol Infection Sciences Laboratory

Urine samples	Endocervical swabs	Multi-test swab
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Volume of sample must be correct	Collection kit contains two swabs:	Collection Swab has a marked break point.
Fill the container so that the liquid is between the two lines.	 White – cleaning swab Blue – sample swab 	Place swab into tube once sample taken Break off before attaching lid.
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Samples showing above or below this will be rejected.		Samples received without the swab cleanly snapped will be rejected.
	Sample containers received with the white swab will be rejected.	
Samples showing above or below this will be rejected.		cleanly snapped will be rejected.

Acceptance criteria	Issue	Rejection criteria
In date sample containers	Collection tubes have expiry dates – ensure sample container is within date prior to use	Sample out of date
Container fluid	Collection tubes contain liquid – Do not remove this	No fluid in sample container received
Swab direction	Swabs must be placed flocked end into the liquid	Swab inverted in collection tube
Sample lid seal	Silver seal on cap must be intact and not damaged	Damaged/pierced silver seal

Unsuitable sample containers

There are a significant number of different types of sample collection and transport containers available but samples collected in them cannot be tested on the Hologic Aptima system. Only specific collection tubes supplied for the Hologic Aptima system can be accepted by the laboratory for testing.

Below are some examples of different types of collection containers and swabs which are not suitable for Chlamydia/Gonorrhoea NAAT testing in the Bristol Infection Sciences Laboratory

General use sterile sample pots	Faecal sample collection pots	Urine sample collection containers containing Boric acid
Swabs	Viral swabs	Bacterial culture swabs
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